## East Longmeadow Public Schools File JJIF Policy for Management of Sports-Related Concussion Reviewed 9/2021

Medical management of sports-related concussion is essential. Research shows that young athletes, who return to play before the brain has healed, are highly vulnerable to more prolonged post-concussion syndrome. East Longmeadow Public Schools (ELPS) has established this policy to provide education about concussion for athletic department staff, other school personnel, the School Nurse, parents/guardians and athletes. The protocol and guidelines outline procedures that must be followed in the management of head injuries and what steps must be completed before the student/athlete may return to activity/play after concussion.

East Longmeadow Public Schools strives to provide a safe return to activity for all athletes after injury, particularly after concussion. In order to effectively and consistently manage these injuries, procedures have been developed to aid in ensuring that concussed athletes are identified, removed from activity, treated and referred appropriately, receive appropriate follow-up care during the school day, including academic assistance, and are fully recovered prior to returning to activity.

The East Longmeadow Public Schools Athletic Training Staff, Athletic Director, Nursing Supervisor and School Nurse will review the protocol on a yearly basis. Any changes or modifications will be reviewed and given to athletic department staff and appropriate school personnel in writing. All athletic department staff will attend an annual mandatory in-service in which procedures for managing sports-related concussion are discussed. The protocol developed for managing a sports-related head injury or concussion addresses the following key components.

- I. Recognition of Concussion and Referral for Treatment
- II. Requirement of Annual Training
- III. Requirement for Neuropsychological Testing
- IV. Requirements of the Athletic Director (AD)
- V. Requirements of the Athletic Trainer (AT)
- VI. Requirements of the School Nurse
- VII. Requirements of Coaches
- VIII. Requirements of Parents/Guardians
- IX. Requirements of Athletes
- X. Requirements of Guidance Counselors/Teachers
- XI. East Longmeadow Public Schools (ELPS) Return to Play Protocol (RTP)
- XII. Second Impact Syndrome Definition
- XIII. Required Documentation of Head Injury and Concussion
- XIV. Required Forms, Educational Materials, Management of Concussions (Appendix I-XIII)

#### References:

- www.cdc.gov/concussion/headsup/high school.html
- Department of Public Health 105 CMR 201.000: Head injuries & Concussions in Extracurricular Athlete Activities

## East Longmeadow Public Schools Protocol for Managing Sports-Related Concussions Revised 4/2020

## I. Recognition of a Concussion and Referral for Treatment

When it comes to concussions, everyone should know about the possible dangers and remember that a concussion is a brain injury. If there is ever a doubt, sit them out and refer the student/athlete to an appropriate health care professional for an evaluation. Suspect a head injury or concussion when the student/athlete experiences a forceful bump, blow, or jolt to the head or body that results in rapid movement of the head and results in any change in the athlete's behavior, thinking or physical functioning.

A. Call EMS (911) **immediately** if the student/athlete exhibits **any** of these danger signs after a suspected head injury or concussion, or if his/her condition worsens or deteriorates quickly. **Do not move** the student unless absolutely necessary.

## Danger signs of a concussion:

- Loss of consciousness (LOC), of any length of time
- Drowsy and cannot be awakened
- Headache worsens and does not resolve
- Weakness, numbness or decreased coordination
- Repeated vomiting or nausea
- Slurred speech
- Convulsions or seizures
- Cannot recognize people or places
- Increasingly confused, restless, agitated
- Unusual behavior or personality changes
- B. Any student/athlete with a witnessed loss of consciousness (LOC) of any duration should be transported immediately to the nearest Emergency Department (ED) via ambulance.
- C. Any student/athlete who **has symptoms but is stable** (student/athlete's condition does not appear to be worsening or deteriorating), may be transported by his/her parent/guardian. The parent/guardian should be advised to contact the student/athlete's health care provider or seek care at the nearest ED **on the day of the injury.** Even if you feel it is not necessary, always give the parent/guardian the option of emergency transportation.

### **Observations of athlete:**

- Athlete appears dazed or stunned
- Confusion (about plays, assignment, etc.)
- Forgets plays
- Unsure about game, score, opponent

- Moves clumsily (altered coordination)
- Balance problems
- Personality change
- Responds slowly to questions
- Forgets events prior to hit
- Forgets events after hit
- Loss of consciousness (any duration)

## Symptoms reported by athlete:

- Headache
- Dizziness
- Fatigue
- Nausea or vomiting
- Double vision, blurry vision
- Sensitive to light or noise
- Feels sluggish
- Feels "foggy"
- Problems concentrating & problems remembering

These signs and symptoms are indicative of a probable concussion. Other causes for symptoms should also be considered and ruled out.

## **Cognitive Symptoms** (altered or diminished cognitive function):

- Appears dazed/confused
- Confused about assignments
- Forgets plays
- Unsure of game/score/opponent
- Appears clumsy
- Answers slowly
- Shows behavior/personality changes
- Cannot recall prior events
- Cannot recall events after injury
- D. The Athletic Trainer will assess the athlete by using the *Concussion Vital Signs Sideline Assessment* for the Management of Concussions and follow the ELPS concussion protocol. The AT will complete the DPH Report of Head Injury during the Sports Season form and the ELPS accident report and forward to the school nurse as soon as possible.

If there is no AT available, Coaches should complete the following forms: *ELPS Head Injury Notification and Protocol*, the DPH *Report of Head Injury During Sports Season*, and the *ELPS Accident Report*, and follow the ELPS concussion protocol.

- 1. Notify parent/guardian as soon as possible
- 2. Provide concussion information to the parent/guardian.

3. Instruct the parent/guardian to have the athlete evaluated by a health care provider and bring the *ELPS Head Injury Notification and Protocol* form.

## **II.** Annual Training Requirements

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts requires annual safety training on prevention, identification and management of a sports-related injury including head trauma and second impact syndrome for designated school personnel as well as parents/guardians of children who participate in any extracurricular athletic activity. This annual training shall be required for the ELHS Athletic Director (AD), Athletic Trainer (AT), Coaches, School Nurse, Marching Band Director, parents/guardians and athletes. The annual concussion training must be DPH approved.

- A. The AD, AT, Coaches, and School Nurse at ELHS **must** annually complete an online course called *Concussion in Sports: What you Need to Know*, which is offered by the National Federation of State High School Associations (NFHS), free of charge or the CDC free online training A certificate of completion must be submitted to the AD annually. This link can be found on the East Longmeadow High School (ELHS) Athletic website under "other information."
- B. Every year, student athletes and their parents will be responsible for reading a fact sheet, Heads Up: Concussion In High School Sports: A Fact Sheet For Parents and Heads Up: Concussion In High School Sports: A Fact Sheet For Athletes, on Family ID. The parent/guardian and athlete must complete the ELPS Pre-participation Head Injury/Concussion Reporting Form for Extracurricular Activities, on Family ID, acknowledging that they received the concussion information and understand they are responsible for reporting any head injuries to the School Nurse, AD, AT, Coach as soon as possible. This will serve as signatures required acknowledging that the parent and athlete read the concussion information and understand their responsibilities outlined in the protocol. A health history form will be completed and signed by both the athlete and the parent/guardian every school year, on Family ID. The parent/guardian must report any changes in the health history to the athletic trainer/school nurse with each new sport.
- C. The training materials are available on the ELHS athletics link and the ELHS School Nurse's link. Hard copies are available in the AD office, the School Nurse's office and on the district website under "Health Services Link"
- D. The ELHS Athletic Director is responsible for ensuring that the training requirements for the AT, the parents/guardians and the athletes are met, recorded and records are maintained.
- E. While not required by the DPH, East Longmeadow Public Schools offers this training to Administrators, Guidance Counselors, authorized school personnel, **PE teachers**, the **band director** and other School Nurses in the district, and Health Secretaries.

## III. Neuropsychological testing requirements

Concussion Vital Signs is a computer program that evaluates multiple aspects of neurocognitive function, including memory, attention, brain-processing speed, reaction time, and post-concussion symptoms. This testing is utilized to help determine recovery after a concussion.

- A. Athletes at East Longmeadow High School will take the baseline *Concussion Vital Signs* computer test, **prior** to participation in high school athletes. This test will be administered to athletes in grades **9** and **11** and any other student participating in high school sports who has not had a valid baseline test. Parental/guardian permission is needed **prior** to the administration of the testing. The Athletic Trainer (AT) and the Coach will coordinate the testing sessions. The computer testing may be waived for a student at the discretion of the AD, AT or the School Nurse, provided that the student/athlete is able to demonstrate to the AT/School Nurse a thorough understanding of the head injury information and protocol.
- B. Concussion Vital Signs testing will be administered after a concussion and must meet the requirements of the AT/school nurse. This post-concussion testing aids in the progression of an athlete's safe return to full participation in sports. Results of the post-concussion test will be shared with the health care professional, upon request of the parent/guardian. The Concussion Vital Signs testing is one component of the return to play management plan and will not be used as the sole criteria for medical clearance.

## IV. Requirements of the Athletic Director (AD)

The East Longmeadow Public School District has designated its Athletic Director to oversee the implementation of the policy and protocols governing the prevention and management of Sports-related head injuries. This will include: 1) supporting and enforcing the protocols, documentation, required training and reporting, 2) ensuring that all documentation is in place and 3) reviewing and updating the policy or protocol at least every two years and revising the code of conduct, as needed.

- A. The AD must complete the annual online educational training on concussions and print a certificate of completion and keep a copy on file.
- B. Participate in the development and review of the policy and procedures, every two years, as required by CMR 105 201.006 for the prevention and management of sports-related head injuries within ELHS.
- C. Ensure that all Coaches, Athletic Trainer, and **site supervisors** have completed the annual training requirements and have a current proof of completion on file in the Athletic Office, prior to beginning their coaching assignment for the season.
- D. Ensure that all students and parents have been educated annually about concussions,

including signs and symptoms, treatment, return to play protocol and second impact syndrome.

- E. Collaborate with the Athletic Trainer and the School Nurse to ensure that all athletes have completed and submitted a current physical examination. The Pre-participation Concussion information will be completed by each parent/guardian and athletes with a history of head injury will be individually addressed by the school nurse/AT on a case by case basis. This form must be completed as part of registration, prior to participation in athletics. The School Nurse will contact the physician if medically necessary.
- F. Ensure that all athletes, participating in sports, have a **valid** baseline test on file **prior** to beginning practice or play, **unless** the parent/guardian has refused consent or it has been waived for a student, at the discretion of the AT/school nurse.
- G. Ensure that all pre-participation information is reviewed. The School Nurse/AT will disseminate the information to Coaches, as needed.
- H. Discourage and prohibit student athletes from engaging in any unreasonably dangerous athletic technique that endangers the health or safety of a student, including using a helmet or any other sports equipment as a weapon.
- I. Report annual statistics to DPH. Statistics will include at a minimum: the total number of DPH *Report of Head Injury During Sports Season* forms received by the school and the total number of students who incur head injuries and suspected concussions during extra-curricular athletic activities.

## V. Requirements of the Athletic Trainer (AT)

- A. The AT must complete the annual online training, or its equivalence, regarding concussions and provide proof to the AD.
- B. Participate in the development and review of the policy and procedure every two years as required by CMR 105 201.006 for the prevention and management of sports-related head injuries within ELHS.
- C. The AT/AD is responsible for scheduling and administering the baseline testing with athletes, **prior** to their participation in practice or play.
- D. Collaborate with the School Nurse **prior** to the sports season, regarding information submitted on the pre-participation and report of head injuries forms that indicate a history of head injury.
- E. The AT will assess **all** suspected head injuries and concussions or provide guidance to the Coach, if unable to personally tend to the athlete. The AT may be contacted for advice/instruction.

- F. The AT will evaluate the athlete using Concussion Vital Signs Sideline Assessment and complete the DPH Report of Head Injury during Sports Season form and the ELPS Accident form as soon as possible and submit to the School Nurse.
- G. An immediate referral will be made to **EMS (911)**, when medically appropriate (danger signs observed or condition of student is deteriorating) or referral to the athlete's primary care physician. The athlete will only be moved if absolutely necessary.
- H. Call EMS (911) **immediately** if the student/athlete exhibits **any** of these danger signs after a suspected head injury or concussion, or if his/her condition worsens or deteriorates quickly. **Do not move** the student unless absolutely necessary.

## Danger signs of a concussion:

- Loss of consciousness (LOC), of any length of time
- Drowsy and cannot be awakened
- Headache worsens and does not resolve
- Weakness, numbness or decreased coordination
- Repeated vomiting or nausea
- Slurred speech
- Convulsions or seizures
- Cannot recognize people or places
- Increasingly confused, restless, agitated
- Unusual behavior or personality changes

## Any student/athlete with a witnessed loss of consciousness (LOC) of any duration should be transported immediately to the nearest Emergency Department (ED) via ambulance.

- I. The Athletic Trainer will notify the athlete's parents/guardians, immediately, and will provide verbal and written information regarding concussions. Parents will be instructed to bring the signs & symptoms checklist with them to the medical evaluation.
- J. The AT will notify the School Nurse/AD of the injury as soon as possible, so the appropriate follow-up can be initiated upon the athlete's return and the AT will collaborate with the School Nurse for the duration of care.
- K. Once the athlete is free from symptoms for 24 hours, the AT, or designee, will administer the post-concussion test. When the post-concussion results meet the requirements, the athlete may begin the return to play protocol, with signed approval from the treating physician, under the AT's supervision.
- L. The AT will review the post-concussion data with the athlete and the athlete's parents/guardians. Test results will be forwarded to the School Nurse for review and consultation.

- M. The AT will forward testing results to the athlete's treating physician, upon request of the parent/guardian.
- N. The AT or the athlete's parents/guardians may request that a neuropsychological consultant review the test data and the parent/guardian will be responsible for charges associated with the consultation.
- O. The AT is responsible for monitoring recovery and coordinating the appropriate return to play (RTP) activity progression. If the AT is not available to directly supervise the athlete with RTP activities, the School Nurse will collaborate with the Coach/Physical Education (PE) staff to monitor the gradual RTP protocol. Coaches may be involved in RTP protocol under the guidance/supervision of the AT/AD.
- P. The AT will maintain appropriate documentation regarding assessment and management of the injury. Once the six day gradual RTP protocol is successfully completed by the athlete, the AT will forward the DPH *Post Sports-Related Head Injury Medical Clearance and Authorization Form* to the primary health care professional or the health care professional managing the athlete's care.

## VI. Requirements of the School Nurse

- A. Complete the annual educational training on concussions and submit a certificate of completion to the **Nursing Supervisor**
- B. Participate in the development and review of the policies and procedures every two years, as required, by 105 CMR 201.006 for the prevention and management of sports-related head injuries within ELHS.
- C. Collaborate with the AT **prior** to the sports season, regarding information submitted on the pre-participation and report of head injuries forms that indicate a history of head injury.
- D. Maintain required sports-related concussion forms in the student health record or in an accessible, confidential area.
- E. Collaborate with appropriate staff regarding the re-entry plan for students who have been diagnosed with a concussion, when necessary, sharing any academic accommodations or physical activity. The goal is for the student to safely return to full academics and physical exertional activities.
- F. Provide educational materials to authorized school personnel about concussions and what symptoms and behaviors **must** be reported immediately to the School Nurse.
- G. Provide ongoing educational materials on head injury and concussion to parents/guardians, students, and authorized school personnel.

## VII. Requirements of Coaches

- A. Complete the annual educational training on concussions and submit proof of completion to the Athletic Office.
- B. The AT/AD is responsible for scheduling and conducting the baseline *Concussion Vital Signs* testing for athletes who require a valid test.
- C. All Coaches will teach techniques aimed at minimizing sports-related head injury. Coaches will discourage and prohibit student athletes from engaging in any unreasonably dangerous athletic technique that endangers the health or safety of a student, including using a helmet or any other sports equipment as a weapon.
- D. Coaches will promote a positive climate that encourages athletes to report any head injuries that he/she experiences or that his/her teammates experience.
- E. All Coaches **need** to recognize the signs and symptoms of concussion as described in Section I. Coaches must **remove** any athlete with suspected concussion from play and immediately **refer** him/her to the AT for evaluation. The ELPS AT is available via phone for guidance or instructions or the coach should consult with the host AT for an away game, if available.
- F. If the AT is not available, the Coach will observe for any signs and symptoms of a head injury or concussion and fill out the *ELPS Head Injury Incident Notification and Protocol* form. When in doubt, sit them out.
- G. The Coach will notify the parent/guardian immediately, in person or by phone. Written documentation and concussion information **must** be provided to the parent/guardian with instructions to have the athlete evaluated by a health care professional as soon as possible. Ensure that the parent/guardian bring the *ELPS Head Injury Incident Notification and Protocol* form to the medical evaluation. If no AT available, the coach must fill out the ELPS Student Accident Report and forward to the AT/Nurse within 48 hours. If any of the danger signs are observed (in Section I of this protocol) or the athlete's condition seems to be deteriorating, EMS (911) must be called immediately. The athlete should not be moved unless absolutely necessary.

## Danger signs of a concussion:

- Loss of consciousness (LOC), of any length of time
- Drowsy and cannot be awakened
- Headache worsens and does not resolve
- Weakness, numbness or decreased coordination
- Repeated vomiting or nausea
- Slurred speech
- Convulsions or seizures
- Cannot recognize people or places
- Increasingly confused, restless, agitated

- Unusual behavior or personality changes
- H. Any student/athlete with a witnessed loss of consciousness (LOC) of any duration should be transported immediately to the nearest Emergency Department (ED) via ambulance.
- I. In the event that an athlete's parent/guardian **cannot** be reached, and the athlete is able to be sent home (rather than directly to the MD or ED) the Coach should ensure that the athlete will be with a responsible individual, before allowing the athlete to go home. The Coach should continue to try and reach the parent/guardian.
- J. If there is any question of the status of the athlete or the athlete is not able to be monitored appropriately, the athlete should be referred to the ED for evaluation. A Coach or designee should accompany the athlete and remain with him/her until the parent/guardian arrives. Any athlete with suspected head injuries should not be permitted to drive home.
- K. Any student, who has **symptoms but is stable**, may be transported by his/her parent/guardian. The parent/guardian should be advised to contact the health care provider or seek care at the nearest ED, **on the day of the injury**. Even if you feel it is not necessary, always give the parent/guardian the option for emergency transportation.
- L. Coaches **must** fill out the **Report of Head Injury Form** and the **ELPS accident report**, in detail and completely, and submit to the AT/school nurse, as soon as possible. Within **72 hours**, the report must have been signed by Administration, the School Nurse, the Director of Student Services and the Nursing Supervisor.
- M. The Coach will partner with the AT to ensure the gradual return to play is completed before full participation in sports. The Coach, under the AT's supervision, may need to monitor the appropriate daily activity permitted by the AT, if the AT is off site or not present during the practice or activity. Coaches **must** report any symptoms the athlete experiences during the RTP activity to the AT /School Nurse, as soon as possible. The AT/School Nurse and the student will sign off on daily activities and decide what activity is permitted the following day, if no symptoms were observed or reported.

## VIII. Requirements of Parents/Guardians

A. Complete the **required** *ELPS Pre-participation Head Injury/Concussion Reporting Form* for Extracurricular Activities accurately on Family ID, **prior** to the start of each school year that a student plans to participate in an extracurricular athletic activity (Fall, Winter, and Spring). If **required** forms are not completed, your child **will not** be able to participate in any practices or play. This signature will fill the requirement of parents/athletes attesting to reading, understanding and agreeing to follow ELPS policy and protocols regarding concussion management and know their responsibilities. **Each school year, the Health History form must be completed, signed and dated, on** 

## Family ID. Parents/guardians must notify the AD/school nurse with any changes in the health/medical history before the start of each sport.

- B. **Must** inform School Nurse, AT, and Coach, as soon as possible, if student sustains a concussion outside of school hours and complete the *Report of Head Injury during Sports Season* form (available on ELHS Nurses' website) and submit to the School Nurse or AT.
- C. Annual concussion education will be provided through materials online. Information will include recognizing the signs and symptoms of concussion, second impact syndrome and return to play requirements. Concussion information can be viewed on the ELHS website under athletics, under the School Nurse link, and also in the student handbook. Hard copy concussion information is available in the ELHS Health Office and the AD's Office.
- D. Provide consent for your child to complete the *Concussion Vital Signs* computer testing and to share results with the health care provider, as necessary.
- E. Watch for changes in your child that may indicate that he/she has a concussion or symptoms that are worsening and report to your health care provider and the School Nurse, AT or Coach.
  - Loss of consciousness
  - Headache
  - Dizziness
  - Sensitivity to light/sounds
  - Lethargy
  - Difficulty concentrating
  - Balance problems
  - Hesitation in answering questions
  - Difficulty recalling events
  - Repeating questions
  - Irritability
  - Sadness
  - Emotionality
  - Nervousness
  - Difficulty sleeping
- F. Ensure your child follows concussion protocol, and adheres to healthcare provider's recommendations (school attendance, rest, activities, electronic usage).
- G. Reinforce recovery plan.
- H. Maintain communication with your child's Guidance Counselor, Teachers, and School

Nurse regarding the need for any modifications in academics or activities. If possible, communication via email is encouraged.

- I. Observe and monitor your child for any physical or emotional changes.
- J. Recognize your child **cannot** be medically cleared to return to sports unless an approved health care professional clears him/her **and** the six step RTP is completed.

## IX. Requirements of the Student/Athlete

- A. Complete a valid baseline test, **prior** to participation in sports.
- B. Complete required Pre-participation Head Injury/Concussion Reporting Form for Extracurricular Activities, on Family ID, prior to participation in athletics for each season or you will not be cleared to begin practice or play. An annual physical (within 13 months), must also be submitted to the School Nurse or on file in the health room prior to participating in athletics. Completed Health History form will be signed and dated by you and your parent/guardian, on Family ID, each school year and reviewed by the AT. The signatures will meet the requirement attesting that both the athlete and the parent have received concussion information and will follow the ELPS policy and protocol for the management of concussions. The AT/school nurse must be notified about any new medical/health history information before each sport by parents/guardians.
- C. Report any concussion symptoms to AT, Coach, or School Nurse.
- D. Report any concussion symptoms of teammates to AT, Coach, or School Nurse.
- E. Follow recovery plan and RTP activities protocol.
- F. Report to Teachers, Guidance Counselor, or School Nurse if you are experiencing difficulty with your class work.
- G. Begin gradual RTP **only** when cleared by Physician and School Nurse.
- H. Recognize that per ELPS protocol, once you are symptom free for 24 hours, a post-concussion test will be administered, unless PCP/MD managing the concussion, instructs otherwise. Once the post-concussion test has been completed and meets requirements and the physician managing your concussion has approved that you begin the RTP protocol, you may start the ELPS six-step gradual RTP protocol, under the supervision of the AT or designee.
- I. Once the gradual RTP protocol is completed, and you are cleared by the physician or certified AT in consultation with the physician, you may return to full participation in sports/activities.

## X. Requirements of the Guidance Counselor/Teachers

A. All ELHS staff will receive information on concussions via email, at the beginning of the school year. Once informed about a student's concussion, collaborate with the parent

- and School Nurse to determine if any accommodations are needed for academics or standardized testing.
- B. Collaborate with authorized school personnel. Monitor the graduated re-entry plan to full academics.
- <u>C.</u> Observe student for **any** post-concussion signs, symptoms, or any behavioral or personality changes and report to the School Nurse **immediately.**

## Signs and Symptoms of Concussion that may be observed in the classroom:

- Difficulty following directions or appears disorganized.
- Falling grades.
- Homework not done or below the student's usual level.
- Repetitive questions due to difficulty remembering information.
- Student appears sleepy, exhausted.
- Distracted, zoned out, inattentive.
- Emotional, sad, irritable, defiant, inappropriate.
- Decreased processing speed.
- D. Keep parents informed of the student's academic status and daily activities.
- E. Physical Education (PE) staff **must** collaborate with the AT/School Nurse regarding activities permitted or restricted. The gradual return to play for physical education class should mirror the gradual return to activities for sports. Follow gradual return to play/activities check off sheet, with instructions from the AT/School Nurse and sign off on activities you have monitored. Immediately report **any** symptoms the athlete experiences to the School Nurse. **PE staff will complete the free online training regarding concussions and submit the certificate to the AD annually.**
- F. If post-concussion symptoms persist, the team may need to consider a 504 or IEP. All students recovering from a concussion will need a written graduated reentry plan, as described under DPH regulation 105 CMR 201.010. These students should receive instructional accommodations and modifications for routine classroom work and classroom assessments, as described in their reentry plan. In addition, to be eligible to receive accommodations on statewide assessments (e.g., MCAS tests), the student will also need either a 504 plan or an Individualized Education Program (IEP).

## XI. ELPS Return To Play Protocol Following Concussion

A. If a head injury is suspected, returning to participation on the same day of injury is **NOT ALLOWED.** 

As previously discussed in this protocol, a student/athlete who exhibits any signs or symptoms of concussion or has abnormal cognitive results, **should not** be permitted to return to play on the same day of injury. Any athlete, who denies symptoms but has an abnormal cognitive evaluation, must not return to the activity. "When in doubt, sit them out!"

## B. Return to play after concussion

- 1. The athlete must meet all of the following criteria in order to progress to activity:
  - The *ELPS Post Sports-Related Head Injury Medical Clearance and Authorization Form* completed by their Health Care Provider (athlete must be cleared for progression to activity by a physician other than an Emergency Department physician).
  - Athlete has been symptom free for 24 hours.
  - Athlete is asymptomatic at rest and exertion (including mental exertion with academic workload)
  - Athlete has completed the requirements of the post-concussion test.
- 2. Once the above criteria are met, the student/athlete will be progressed back to full activity following the six-day *ELPS Return to Play Protocol Following Concussion*, under the supervision of the AT/designee.
- 3. Progression will be determined on an individualized basis. Factors that may affect the rate of progression include: previous history of concussion, duration and type of symptoms, age of the athlete, and sport/activity in which the athlete participates. An athlete with a prior history of concussion, one who has had an extended duration of symptoms, or one who is participating in a collision or contact sport should progress more slowly.

## 4. Six day: ELPS Return to Play Protocol Following Concussion

- Day 1: Fast walk or stationary bike workout for 15 to 20 minutes.
- Day 2: Jogging or running for 20 minutes.
- Day 3: Non-contact sport related training drills and conditioning.
- Day 4: Full participation in practice without contact.
- Day 5: Full participation in practice.
- Day 6: Return to game play.

If the athlete experiences post-concussion symptoms during any phase of the six day protocol, the athlete should drop back to the previous symptom-free level and resume the progression after 24 hours.

- 5. The AT and the athlete will discuss appropriate activities for the day. The athlete will be given verbal and written instructions regarding permitted activities. The AT/Coach and athlete will each sign these instructions. One copy of this is for the athlete to give to the Coach and one will be maintained by the AT.
- 6. The athlete should see the AT daily for re-assessment and instructions until he or she has progressed to unrestricted activity and has been given a written report.
- 7. If an athlete sustains a **second** concussion in the same season, he/she must be evaluated and medically cleared by the PCP or a health care provider managing the athletes' care, before he/she can return to sports. The school physician may be consulted for further additional evaluation or recommendations.

## XII. Definition of Second Impact Syndrome

Second impact syndrome is a serious medical emergency and a result of an individual returning to activity too soon following a concussion. Second impact syndrome occurs because of rapid brain swelling and herniation of the brain after a second head injury that occurs before the symptoms of a previous head injury have been resolved. The best way to prevent second impact syndrome is to not return to play or activity until the individual is asymptomatic and medically cleared by an appropriate health care professional.

## XIII. Required Documentation of Head Injury and Concussion

- A. At or before the start of each sport, all students must complete on Family ID or submit to the AD/School Nurse, the following forms:
  - 1. ELPS Pre-participation Head Injury/Concussion Reporting Form For Extracurricular Activities (on Family ID)
  - 2. Emergency Information and Consent to participate form (Fall, on Family ID)
  - 3. Have a valid baseline concussion test on file.
  - 4. Complete Health/Medical form (annually) on Family ID.
  - 5. Physical examination (every 13 months)- submitted to the school nurse. All completed forms will be reviewed and kept on file in the AT office or designated area.
- B. All forms showing a history of concussion must be submitted to the School Nurse/AT/AD, prior to participation in sports.

- C. The *Report of Head Injury During Sports Season* form must be completed by the Coach/AT, if the injury or suspected concussion occurs during a game or practice or by a parent if the injury occurs outside of those settings, and forwarded to the AT or School Nurse for review.
- D. The school, consistent with any applicable state and federal law, shall maintain the required documentation for three years, or at a minimum, until the student graduates:
- E. The AD shall make the required documentation available to the Department of Public Health (DPH) and the Department of Elementary and Secondary Education (DESE), upon request or in connection with any inspection or program review.

## XIV. Required Forms, Educational Materials, Management of Concussions

On Family ID	ELPS Pre-participation Head Injury/Concussion Reporting Form for Extracurricular Activities (must be completed on Family ID)
On Family ID	Heads Up: Concussion in High School Sports: A Fact Sheet for Parents p. 18
On Family ID	Heads Up: Concussion in High School Sports: A Fact Sheet for Athlete p. 19
<b>ON FAMILY ID</b> Appendix I	Health/Medical history completed on Family ID annually Physical Exam Form (p. 20)
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# The Commonwealth of Massachusetts Executive Office of Health and Human Services Department of Public Health 250 Washington Street, Boston, MA 02108-4619

#### DEVAL L. PATRICK GOVERNOR TIMOTHY P. MURRAY LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR JUDYANN BIGBY, MD SECRETARY

JOHN AUERBACH

## REPORT OF HEAD INJURY DURING SPORTS SEASON

This form is to report head injuries (other than minor cuts or bruises) that occur during a sports season. It should be returned to the athletic director or staff member designated by the school and reviewed by the school nurse.

For Coaches: Please complete this form immediately after the game or practice for head injuries that result in the student being removed from play due to a *possible* concussion.

For Parents/Guardians: Please complete this form if your child has a head injury outside of school related extracurricular athletic activities.

Student's Name	Sex	Date of Birth	Grade
School		Sport(s)	
Home Address		Telep	hone
Date of injury:	_		
Did the incident take place during	an extracurricular activit	y? Yes No	
If so, where did the incident take p	lace?		
Please describe nature and extent	of injuries to student:		
For Parents/Guardians:			
Did the student receive medical at If yes, was a concussion diagnose			
I HEREBY STATE THAT TO THE BI ARE COMPLETE AND CORRECT.	EST OF MY KNOWLEDG	E, MY ANSWERS TO THE A	BOVE QUESTIONS
Please circle one: Coach or Marchine	g Band Director	Parent/Guardian	
Name of Person Completing Form (pl	ease print):		
Cianatura		Dete	



## A FACT SHEET FOR PARENTS

#### What is a concussion?

A concussion is a brain injury. Concussions are caused by a bump, blow, or jolt to the head or body. Even a "ding," "getting your bell rung," or what seems to be a mild bump or blow to the head can be serious.

#### What are the signs and symptoms?

You can't see a concussion. Signs and symptoms of concussion can show up right after the injury or may not appear or be noticed until days after the injury. If your teen reports one or more symptoms of concussion listed below, or if you notice the symptoms yourself, keep your teen out of play and seek medical attention right away.

Signs Observed	Symptoms Reported
by Parents or Guardians	by Athlete
Appears dazed or stunned     Is confused about	<ul> <li>Headache or "pressure" in head</li> </ul>

- assignment or position
   Forgets an instruction
- Is unsure of game, score, or opponent
- Moves clumsily
- Answers questions slowly
- Loses consciousness (even briefly)
- Shows mood, behavior, or personality changes
- Can't recall events prior to hit or fall
- Can't recall events after bit or fall

- Nausea or vomiting
- Balance problems or dizziness
- Double or blurry vision
- Sensitivity to light or noise
- Feeling sluggish, hazy, foggy, or groggy
- Concentration or memory problems
- Confusion
- Just not "feeling right" or is "feeling down"

### How can you help your teen prevent a concussion?

Every sport is different, but there are steps your teens can take to protect themselves from concussion and other injuries.

 Make sure they wear the right protective equipment for their activity. It should fit properly, be well maintained, and be worn consistently and correctly.

- Ensure that they follow their coaches' rules for safety and the rules of the sport.
- . Encourage them to practice good sportsmanship at all times.

## What should you do if you think your teen has a concussion?

- Keep your teen out of play. If your teen has a concussion, her/his brain needs time to heal. Don't let your teen return to play the day of the injury and until a health care professional, experienced in evaluating for concussion, says your teen is symptom-free and it's OK to return to play. A repeat concussion that occurs before the brain recovers from the first—usually within a short period of time (hours, days, or weeks)—can slow recovery or increase the likelihood of having long-term problems. In rare cases, repeat concussions can result in edema (brain swelling), permanent brain damage, and even death.
- Seek medical attention right away. A health care professional experienced in evaluating for concussion will be able to decide how serious the concussion is and when it is safe for your teen to return to sports.
- 3. Teach your teen that it's not smart to play with a concussion. Rest is key after a concussion. Sometimes athletes wrongly believe that it shows strength and courage to play injured. Discourage others from pressuring injured athletes to play. Don't let your teen convince you that s/he's "just fine."
- 4. Tell all of your teen's coaches and the student's school nurse about ANY concussion. Coaches, school nurses, and other school staff should know if your teen has ever had a concussion. Your teen may need to limit activities while s/he is recovering from a concussion. Things such as studying, driving, working on a computer, playing video games, or exercising may cause concussion symptoms to reappear or get worse. Talk to your health care professional, as well as your teen's coaches, school nurse, and teachers. If needed, they can help adjust your teen's school activities during her/his recovery.

### If you think your teen has a concussion:

Don't assess it yourself. Take him/her out of play. Seek the advice of a health care professional.

## It's better to miss one game than the whole season.

For more information and to order additional materials free-of-charge, visit: www.cdc.gov/Concussion.

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES
CENTERS FOR DISEASE CONTROL AND PREVENTION





June 2010



## A FACT SHEET FOR ATHLETES

### What is a concussion?

A concussion is a brain injury that:

- . Is caused by a bump, blow, or jolt to the head
- Can change the way your brain normally works.
- · Can occur during practices or games in any sport or recreational activity.
- · Can happen even if you haven't been knocked out.
- Can be serious even if you've just been "dinged" or "had your bell rung."

All concussions are serious. A concussion can affect your ability to do schoolwork and other activities (such as playing video games, working on a computer, studying, driving, or exercising). Most people with a concussion get better, but it is important to give your brain time to heal.

### What are the symptoms of a concussion?

You can't see a concussion, but you might notice one or more of the symptoms listed below or that you "don't feel right" soon after, a few days after, or even weeks after the injury.

- · Headache or "pressure" in head
- Nausea or vomiting
- Balance problems or dizziness
- Double or blurry vision
- · Bothered by light or noise
- Feeling sluggish, hazy, foggy, or groggy
- Difficulty paying attention
- Memory problems
- Confusion

#### What should I do if I think I have a concussion?

- Tell your coaches and your parents. Never ignore a bump or blow to the head even if you feel fine. Also, tell your coach right away if you think you have a concussion or if one of your teammates might have a concussion.
- · Get a medical check-up. A doctor or other health care professional can tell if you have a concussion and when it is OK to return to play.
- Give yourself time to get better. If you have a concussion, your brain needs time to heal. While your brain is still healing, you are much more likely to have another concussion. Repeat concussions can increase the time it takes for you to recover and may cause more damage to your brain. It is important to rest and not return to play until you get the OK from your health care professional that you are symptom-free.

### How can I prevent a concussion?

Every sport is different, but there are steps you can take to protect yourself.

- Use the proper sports equipment, including personal protective equipment. In order for equipment to protect you, it must be:
  - The right equipment for the game, position, or activity
  - Worn correctly and the correct size and fit
  - Used every time you play or practice
- Follow your coach's rules for safety and the rules of the sport.
- Practice good sportsmanship at all times.

If you think you have a concussion: Don't hide it. Report it. Take time to recover.

## It's better to miss one game than the whole season.

For more information and to order additional materials free-of-charge, visit: www.cdc.gov/Concussion.

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES CENTERS FOR DISEASE CONTROL AND PREVENTION



June 2010

MASSACHUSETTS SCHOOL HEALTH RECORD  Health Care Provider's Examination			
Name Male Female Date of Birth:			
Pertinent Family History			
Current Health Issues           Y         N           □         □ Allergies: Please list: Medications			
Current Medications (if relevant to the student's health and safety). Please circle those administered in school; a separate medication order form is needed for each medication administered in school.			
Physical Examination			
Screening: (Pass) (Fail) (Pass) (Fail) (Pass) (Fail)  Vision: Right Eye			
Laboratory Results:			
Targeted TB Skin Testing:  Med-to-High risk (exposure to TB; born, lived, travel to TB endemic countries; medical risk factors):  TB Test Type:  TST  IGRA Date:  Positive  Negative  Indeterminate/Borderline  Referred for evaluation to:  Date:  Low risk (no TB test done)			
This student has the following problems that may impact his/her educational experience:  Vision			
Comments/Recommendations:  Yes N This student may participate fully in the school program, including physical education and competitive sports. If no, please list restrictions:			
Y N Immunizations are complete: If no, give reason: Please attach Massachusetts Immunization Information System Certificate or other complete immunization record.			
Signature of Examiner Circle: MD, DO, NP, PA Date Please print name of Examiner.			
Group Practice Telephone			
Address City State Zip Code  Please attach additional information as needed for the health and safety of the student. MDPH 08/15/13			

## East Longmeadow Public Schools Department of Health Services

## POST SPORTS-RELATED HEAD INJURY MEDICAL CLEARANCE AND AUTHORIZATION FORM-6/2018

After a head injury or suspected concussion and before resuming the extracurricular athletic activity, the student shall submit this form to the school nurse. The student must be completely symptom free prior to returning to extracurricular athletic activities. This form may be completed by: a physician; a nurse practitioner or a neuropsychologist in coordination with the physician managing the student's recovery.

Student name:	tudent name:Sex:				
Sport:	Grade				
The following section will be completed	by the school nurse or athletic	trainer:			
Date of injury:					
Description of injury:			_		
The following symptoms were reported	by the student and/or observed	d by staff (coach, nurse, AT	):		
Nausea or vomiting	Headaches	Light/noise sensi	tivity		
Dizziness/Balance problems	Double/blurry vision	Fatigue			
Feeling sluggish/"in a fog"	Change in sleep patt	terns Memor	y problems		
Difficulty concentrating	Irritability/Emotional	ups and downs	_		
Withdrawn Other					
Name:	Signature:		Date:		
Circle one: school nurse, athletic traine	er, coach				
**Health Care Provider should complete	e the back of this form				

The following sections should be completed by the student's Health Care Provider
Diagnosis of Concussion? Yes No
If concussion not diagnosed, please list other diagnosis:
The following are recommended at the present time (check all that apply): Do not return to school at this time; specify number of days recommended out of school:May return on this date:Please list any restrictions or accommodations recommended:
Do not return to PE class at this time
Return to PE class. If any restrictions please list
Do not return to sport practices/games at this time
May return to sports activities beginning with the following gradual return to play protocol (provided the student is free of symptoms for at least 24 hours):
Day 1: Fast walk or stationary bike workout for 15 to 20 minutes
Day 2: Jogging or running for 20 minutes  Day 3: Non contact sport-related drills and conditioning
Day 4: Full participation in practice without contact
Day 5: Full participation in practice
Day 6: Return to full game play
**If symptoms return at any step, activity for that day will be stopped and the step will be repeated the next day.
I give permission to the <b>Athletic Trainer</b> to clear a student to return to full extracurricular activities upon completion of this protocol.
Name of Health Care Provider (print)Date:
Signature of Health Care Provider:
Physician Nurse Practitioner* Neuropsychologist* Physician Assistant Licensed AT
Address:
Phone:
Follow up appointment:
*Name of physician providing consultation or coordination (if not the person completing this form):
I attest I have received clinical training in Post-Traumatic Head Injury Assessment and management approved by DPH or have received equivalent training as part of my Licensure or continuing education.  Practitioner's initials: Type of training:CDC online clinician training,Other MDPH approved Clinical training, other Describe:
MDPH approved Clinical training ontions can be found at: www.mass.gov/dph/sports concussion

This form is not complete without the practitioner's verification of such training.

## ELHS Gradual Return to Play Protocol (RTP) Worksheet Revised 6-2018

When a student is 24 hr symptom-free and post-concussion test meets ELPS requirements and medical clearance from a physician has been received, a gradual return to play/activity can be initiated. There should be 24 hrs or longer in between each step. If any symptoms return during the activity, stop the work out. Rest for 24 hrs until symptom- free. Return to the previous symptom free step. If symptoms return or worsen, seek medical attention.

Step	Date	Activity	Tolerance/Comments List activities performed	Signatures
#1.Light-General Conditioning Exercises		Begin with sport specific warm up. Do 15-20 minute workout:	•	AT/coach/ Physical Ed staff:
(Goal: Increase HR)		stationary bike, fast paced walking or light jog.		Student/athlete:
				Date:
#2. Moderate-General conditioning and sport specific skill work;		Sport specific warm up. Slow increase intensity and duration of workout 20 to 30 minutes.		AT/coach/Physical Ed staff:
individually. (Goal: Add movement,		No spins, dives or jumps. Jogging or running for 20		Student/athlete:
individual skill work)		minutes.		Date:
#3. Heavy- General conditioning, skill work; individually and with team		Continue with individual work Begin skill work with a partner but <b>NO CONTACT</b> .		AT/coach/Physical Ed staff:
mates. <b>NO CONTACT</b> (Goal: Add movement,		Begin beginner level spins, dives, jumps.		Student/athlete:
team mate skill work)				Date:
#4. Heavy- General conditioning, skill work & Team drills. No live scrimmages. Full participation in		Resume regular conditioning and duration of practice. Increase interval training and skill work as required. Gradually increase skill level of		AT/coach/Physical Ed Staff:  Student/athlete:
practice without contact. (Goal: Team skill work)		spins, dives, jumps. Review team plays with no contact.		Date:
#5 Full participation in practice with contact.		Participate in full practice. If a full practice is completed with no symptoms, return to		AT/coach/Physical Ed staff:
		competition is appropriate. Discuss with the coach about getting back in the next game.		Student/athlete:
		8		Date:
#6 Return to game/play.				AT/coach/Physical Ed Staff:
				Student/athlete:
				Date:

Name					Date of RTP
Datum ta Dh		st Longmead			
Keturn to Phy	ysical Activity (PE) Pr	otocol for the	Student Dia	gnosea with Co	oncussion (Non-athlete)
Student name:		Grade:	DOB:	Da	te:
Date diagnosed with	Concussion:	PCP/Phy	ysician mana	ging concussion	ı:
PCP Address:			PI	none #:	Fax #:
Instructions/notes fro	om PCP & Date:				
Follow up appointme	nt:				
Further instructions f	rom PCP:				
Any restrictions regar	ding: PE/Recess/Acti	vities Yes/No	)	Academics	: Yes/No
Team meeting schedu	iled? Yes/No Particip	ants:			
Guidance Counselor:		Date N	Notified Guid	ance Counselor	of diagnosis
Physical education tea	acher:		Block/T	ime/Day	
Recess Yes/No Staff	monitoring for reces	ss:	Т	ime of day:	
Date Notified PE staff	of diagnosis:	<del></del>		By whom: _	
Date to begin Return	to Activities:	PE staf	ff notified? Ye	es/No By whor	n:
Date:	How was PE staf	f notified? :			
Protocol for return to	Physical Activities:				
	Conditioning Exercis o 20 minutes of fast s observed or report	paced walking		•	
	neral Conditioning Ex ing or running for 20 s observed or report	minutes.	to add move	ment)	
	al Conditioning Exerci or run for 20 minutes s observed or reporte	and if no sym			
<b>Step 4:</b> Full class parti Activities in cl Any symptom			ss activities)		
Date student returned	d to full class particip	ation:			

Signature of PE staff:	Signature of student:
51611atare 01 1 E 3tarr.	Signature of Student:

## **East Longmeadow Public School**

### **Return to Play Protocol Following Concussion**

Following a concussion a "gradual return to play" protocol is very important. Once the athlete is symptom-free, post-concussion test results meet ELPS requirements and the physician provides medical clearance to return to sports, the athlete may begin the "gradual return to play" protocol. Exertion plays a significant role in concussion management. During the stages of this protocol, the athlete must be monitored for any symptoms. The current activity must be discontinued if any symptoms appear. The following day, if symptoms have subsided, the athlete may resume activity at the last level that was completed without symptoms. When the athlete completes all six steps, they can be medically cleared to return to full activity.

Day 1: Fast walk or stationary bike workout for 15 to 20 minutes.

Day 2: Jogging or running for 20 minutes.

Day 3: Non-contact sport related drills and conditioning.

**Day 4:** Full participation in practice without contact.

Day 5: Full participation in practice.

Day 6: Return to game/play.



## The Commonwealth of Massachusetts Executive Office of Health and Human Services Department of Public Health

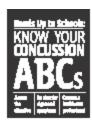
## POST SPORTS-RELATED HEAD INJURY MEDICAL CLEARANCE AND AUTHORIZATION FORM

The student must be completely symptom free at rest, during exertion, and with cognitive activity prior to returning to full participation in extracurricular athletic activities. Do not complete this form until a graduated return to play plan has been completed and the student is found to be symptom free at rest, during exertion and with cognitive activity.

Sludent's Name		Sex	Date of Birth	Grade		
Date of injury:	Nature and extent of in	iurv.				
Transcent injuly	THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				
Symptoms following injury (check all that ap	oply):					
☐ Nausea or vomiting	☐ Headaches		☐ Light/noise se	ensitivity		
☐ Dizziness/balance problems	□ Double/blurry vision		□ Fatigue			
•	,		_ 0			
☐ Feeling sluggish/"in a tog"	☐ Change in sleep patte	erns	☐ Memory prob	lems		
□ Difficulty concentrating	☐ Irritability/emotional u	ps and downs	□ Sad or withdr	awn		
□ Other						
Duration of Symptom(s):	Diagnosis: □ Concuss	ion 🗆 Other:		_		
If concussion diagnosed, date student comp	oleted graduated return t	o piay pian withou	t recurrent symptom	18:		
Drier consumaione (aumber, appressionet de	too):					
Prior concussions (number, approximate da	iicə)					
I HEREBY AUTHORIZE THE ABOVE NAM	IED STUDENT FOR RE	TURN TO EXTRA	CURRICULAR ATI	HLETIC		
ACTIVITY						
Practitioner signature:		Date	):	_		
Print Name:						
□ Physician □ Licensed Athletic Train	er 🗆 Nurse Practitione	er 🗆 Neuropsyc	hologist 🗆 Physi	cian Assistant		
License Number:		Dharananah				
Address:		Phone number _				
			completing this form	, piease		
print):						
I ATTEST THAT I HAVE RECEIVED CLINICAL TRAINING IN POST-TRAUMATIC HEAD INJURY ASSESSMENT						
AND MANAGEMENT APPROVED BY THE EQUIVALENT TRAINING AS PART OF M				D		
Practitioner's initials:	T LICENSURE OR CON	INDING EDUCA	HON.			
Type of Training: CDC on line clinician train	ning Other MDPH approv	ved Clinical Training	Other			
(Describe)	•	_	_ 0000			
* MOPH approved Clinical Training options can be to		sports concussion				
This form is not complete without the practitioner's ve	rification of such training.	This form is not complete without the practitioner's verification of such training.				

## Concussion Signs and Symptoms





Student's Name:	Student's Grade:	Date/Ti	me of Inju	ry:	
Where and How Injury Occurred: (80 sure)	to include cause and force of the hit or blow to the head.)				
	mation about any loss of consciousness and for how long, memory	loss, or seizure	s fall owing ti	he injury, or p	revious
concussions, If any. See the section on Danger Signs	on the back of this form.)				
DIRECTIONS:	OBSERVED SIGNS		15	20	
	OBSERVED SIGNS	MINUTES	15 MINUTES	30 MINUTES	MINUTES Just prior to
Use this checklist to monitor					leaving
students who come to your office	Appears dazed or stunned				
with a head injury. Students should	Is confused about events				
be monitored for a minimum of	Repeats questions				
30 minutes. Check for signs or	Answers questions slowly				
symptoms when the student first	Can't recall events prior to the hit, bump, or fall				
arrives at your office, fifteen minutes later, and at the end of 30 minutes.	Can't recall events after the hit, bump, or fall				
	Loses consciousness (even briefly)				
	Shows behavior or personality changes				
Students who experience one or	Forgets class schedule or assignments				
more of the signs or symptoms of					
concussion after a bump, blow, or	PHYSICAL SYMPTOMS				
jolt to the head should be referred	Headache or "pressure" in head				
to a health care professional with	Nausea or vomiting				
•	Balance problems or dizziness				
experience in evaluating for	Fatigue or feeling tired				
concussion. For those instances	Blurry or double vision				
when a parent is coming to take the	Sensitivity to light				
student to a health care professional,	Sensitivity to noise				
observe the student for any new or	Numbness or tingling				
worsening symptoms right before	Does not "feel right"				
the student leaves. Send a copy of					
this checklist with the student for the	COGNITIVE SYMPTOMS				
health care professional to review.	Difficulty thinking clearly				
	Difficulty concentrating				
	Difficulty remembering				

To download this checklist in Spanish, please visit: www.cdc.gov/Concussion. Para obtener una copia electrónica de esta lista de sintomas en español, por favor visite: www.cdc.gov/Concussion.

Feeling more slowed down

**EMOTIONAL SYMPTOMS** 

More emotional than usual

Irritable

Sad

Feeling sluggish, hazy, foggy, or groggy

## Danger Signs:

Be alert for symptoms that worsen over time. The student should be seen in an emergency department right away if s/he has:

- One pupil (the black part in the middle of the eye) larger than the other
- Drowsiness or cannot be awakened
- A headache that gets worse and does not go away
- Weakness, numbness, or decreased coordination
- Repeated vomiting or nausea
- Slurred speech
- Convulsions or seizures
- Difficulty recognizing people or places
- Increasing confusion, restlessness, or agitation
- Unusual behavior
- Loss of consciousness (even a brief loss of consciousness should be taken seriously)

## Additional Information About This Checklist:

This checklist is also useful if a student appears to have sustained a head injury outside of school or on a previous school day. In such cases, be sure to ask the student about possible sleep symptoms. Drowsiness, sleeping more or less than usual, or difficulty falling asleep may indicate a concussion.

To maintain confidentiality and ensure privacy, this checklist is intended only for use by appropriate school professionals, health care professionals, and the student's parent(s) or guardian(s).

For a free tear-off pad with additional copies of this form, or for more information on concussion, visit: www.cdc.gov/Concussion.

Reso	lut	ion o	f In	jury:
------	-----	-------	------	-------

- Student returned to class
- Student sent home
- \_ Student referred to health care professional with experience in evaluating for concussion

SIGNATURE OF SCHOOL PROFESSIONAL COMPLETING THIS FORM:

TITLE:

COMMENTS:

For more information on concussion and to order additional materials for school professionals FREE-OF-CHARGE, visit: www.cdc.gov/Concussion.

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES
CENTERS FOR DISEASE CONTROL AND PREVENTION





## **Concussion Vital Signs Sideline Assessment**

Athlete Reference/ID:			Test Date/Time:			
Full Name:			Test Administrator Name/Position:			
Concussion should be suspected in the presence of any one or more of the following: symptoms (such as headache), or physical signs (such as unsteadiness), or impaired brain function (e.g. confusion) or abnormal behavior.						
Symptoms: The presence of any of the following signs and symptoms may suggest a concussion.						
	✓ the SYMPTOMS exhibited by the athle			7 66		
	Yes	No			Yes	No
1	Loss of consciousness		13	Feeling slowed down		
2	Seizure or convulsion		14	Feeling like "in a fog"		
3	Amnesia		15	"Don't feel right"		
4	Headache		16	Difficulty concentrating		
5	"Pressure in head"		17	Difficulty remembering		
6	Neck Pain		18	Fatigue or low energy		
7	Nausea or vomiting		19	Confusion		
8	Dizziness		20	Drowsiness		
9	Blurred vision		21	More emotional		
10	Balance problems		22	Irritability		
11	Sensitivity to light		23	Sadness		
12	Sensitivity to noise		24	Nervous or anxious		
2. Memory function: Failure to answer all questions correctly may suggest a concussion.						
Incorrect Correct Additional comments:						
At what venue are we at today?						
Which half is it now?						
Who scored last in this game? Incorrect						
What team did you play last week/game?						
Did your team win the last game?						
3. Balance testing: Instructions for tandem stance "Now stand heel-to-toe with your non-dominant foot in back. Your						
weight should be evenly distributed across both feet. You should try to maintain stability for 20 seconds with your hands on						
your hips and your eyes closed. I will be counting the number of times you move out of this position. If you stumble out of						
this position, open your eyes and return to the start position and continue balancing. I will start timing when you are set and have closed your eyes."						
Athlete was observed for 20 seconds. If they make more than 5 errors (such as lift their hands off						
their hips; open their eyes; lift their forefoot or heel; step, stumble, or fall; or remain out of the						
start position for more that 5 seconds) then this may suggest a concussion.						
Number of Errors:						

Any athlete with a suspected concussion should be IMMEDIATELY REMOVED FROM PLAY, urgently assessed medically, should not be left alone and should not drive a motor vehicle.

Sideline or abbreviated testing is designed to assist with the immediate assessment or screening of sports related concussion (e.g. SIDELINE) and is not meant to replace computerized or comprehensive neuropsychological testing. The Concussion Sideline Assessment should not be used as a stand alone tool for concussion management. The Concussion Sideline Assessment is designed to be a support for recognizing sports related concussions and to document clinical endpoints that may assist a qualified health professional in their return-to-play decision making.

## East Longmeadow High School Sports Clearance Guidelines

## **Revised 9-25-15**

Students must have the following items in place in order to be cleared for a sport:

- 1. Physical exam that has been done within the last 13 months. Physicals are kept on file to be used for future sports clearances. Check with the health office or your pediatrician if you are unsure when your child's physical exam is due to expire.
- 2. Health history form (side A of MIAA form) completed and signed by parent/guardian and athlete. <u>A new form is required each sports season</u>. Make sure this form is filled out in ink, all questions have been answered, "yes" answers have been explained in the area provided and that it is signed, or the student cannot participate in practice or games.
- 3. Completed registration on Family ID program (both parent and student).

## This must be updated for each sports season.

4. Valid "baseline" test on Concussion Vital Signs program.

Students will be cleared for sports once the school nurse has received and reviewed all necessary paperwork and determined the student meets the criteria for sports clearance. Occasionally, more information from a parent or a physician may be required.

All paperwork should be turned into the health office <u>at least 1 week prior to the start of the season</u> to ensure clearances will be done by the first day of practice. For Fall Sports, all forms must be in by **August 1st or the student will not be able to participate on the first day of practice.** 

If a student experiences a serious illness or injury once they have been cleared for a sport, they will need medical clearance to return to sports. This clearance can be provided by an MD, PA or NP. Examples of serious injuries would include those requiring a doctor's care/evaluation. Notes must be turned into the school nurse's office. If notes are brought in after regular school hours, students should show the note to the coach and/or athletic trainer. The note must be given to the school nurse the next school day. Parents should inform the school nurse and/or athletic trainer of any serious illness or injuries requiring medical care. Injuries involving concussions are handled according to the concussion policy/protocol (see reverse).

Students who have emergency medications, such as Epinephrine or Asthma inhalers, should have them accessible at all times during sports activities.

Please call the school nurse Tia Mazza, RN @ 525-5468 ext. 223, if you have any questions.

Completed forms and doctor's notes can be faxed directly to the health office @ 525-9781.

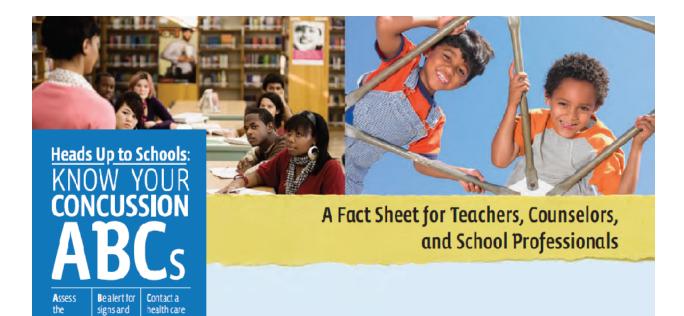
Tia Mazza, RN School Nurse

Return to sports following concussion:

**State regulations require** that students who have been diagnosed with a concussion must have medical clearance to return to play. This clearance can only be provided after he or she completes a graduated return to play program and shows no recurrence of symptoms. The student's primary care provider or the physician who is managing the student's recovery must give permission in writing before the student can begin the return to play process. The process includes the following steps:

- 1) The student athlete must be symptom free for at least 24 hours at rest and with exertion.
- 2) The student will take the post injury test on Concussion Vital Signs. If the student does not meet the requirements after taking the post injury test, it is up to the discretion of the athletic trainer (following consultation with the school nurse) to refer back to the PCP for further assessment and instruction.
- 3) If the student meets the requirements after taking the post injury test, and the health professional has provided medical clearance, the student will begin the 6 step return to play protocol under the supervision of the athletic trainer/school personnel. At the end of this process the AT will complete the "Post Sports-Related Head Injury Medical Clearance and Authorization Form" required by the Massachusetts DPH. This completed form will be sent to the health care provider who authorized the start of the return to play protocol.
- 4) Sometimes circumstances may arise that require the return to play process to be done outside of school under the supervision of the PCP or the neuropsychologist who is managing the concussion. At the end of this process, the medical clearance form required by the Massachusetts DPH will be completed and submitted to the school nurse or AT. If the student has been referred to a concussion clinic or facility, any post-concussion testing will be done by the provider.
- 5) Most concussions will follow this basic action plan. Concussions involving a prolonged recovery or other special circumstances will be managed on an individual basis to best meet the needs of the student.

The full East Longmeadow Public Schools Policy/Protocol for Management of Sports Related Concussions can be found on the ELPS district website under the Health Services link.





professional

- \* All concussions are serious.
- \* Most concussions occur without loss of consciousness.
- \* Recognition and proper response to concussions when they <u>first occur</u> can help aid recovery and prevent further injury, or even death.

To download this fact sheet in Spanish, please visit: www.cdc.gov/Concussion. Fara obtener una copia electrónica de esta hoja de información en español, por favor visite: www.cdc.gov/Concussion.

## What is a concussion?

A concussion is a type of brain injury that changes the way the brain normally works. A concussion is caused by a bump, blow, or jolt to the head. Concussions can also occur from a fall or blow to the body that causes the head and brain to move rapidly back and forth. Even what seems to be a mild bump to the head can be serious.

Children and adolescents are among those at greatest risk for concussion. The potential for a concussion is greatest during activities where collisions can occur, such as during physical education (PE) class, playground time, or school-based sports activities. However, concussions can happen any time a student's head comes into contact with a hard object, such as a floor, desk, or another student's head or body. Proper recognition and response to concussion can prevent further injury and help with recovery.

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES
CENTERS FOR DISEASE CONTROL AND PREVENTION





972010

situation

symptoms

## What are the signs and symptoms of concussion?

The signs and symptoms of concussion can show up right after an injury or may not appear or be noticed until hours or days after the injury. Be alert for any of the following signs or symptoms. Also, watch for changes in how the student is acting or feeling, if symptoms are getting worse, or if the student just "doesn't feel right."



## SIGNS OBSERVED BY TEACHERS AND SCHOOL PROFESSIONALS

- Appears dazed or stunned
- Is confused about events
- Answers questions slowly
- Repeats questions
- Can't recall events prior to the hit, bump, or fall
- · Can't recall events after the hit, bump, or fall
- Loses consciousness (even briefly)
- Shows behavior or personality changes
- Forgets class schedule or assignments

## SYMPTOMS REPORTED BY THE STUDENT

### Thinking/Remembering:

- Difficulty thinking clearly
- Difficulty concentrating or remembering
- Feeling more slowed down
- Feeling sluggish, hazy, foggy, or groggy

### Physical:

- Headache or "pressure" in head
- Nausea or vomiting
- Balance problems or dizziness
- Fatigue or feeling tired
- Blurry or double vision
- Sensitivity to light or noise
- Numbness or tingling
- Does not "feel right"

### Emotional:

- Irritable
- Sac
- More emotional than usual
- Nervous

### Sleep\*:

- Drowsy
- Sleeps less than usual
- Sleeps more than usual
- Has trouble falling asleep

<sup>\*</sup>Only ask about sleep symptoms if the injury occurred on a prior day.

## What are concussion danger signs?

Be alert for symptoms that worsen over time. The student should be seen in an emergency department right away if s/he has:

- One pupil (the black part in the middle of the eye) larger than the other
- · Drowsiness or cannot be awakened
- A headache that gets worse and does not go away
- Weakness, numbness, or decreased coordination
- · Repeated vomiting or nausea
- Slurred speech
- · Convulsions or seizures
- Difficulty recognizing people or places
- Increasing confusion, restlessness, or agitation
- Unusual behavior
- Loss of consciousness (even a brief loss of consciousness should be taken seriously)

Children and teens with a concussion should NEVER return to sports or recreation activities on the same day the injury occurred. They should delay returning to their activities until a health care professional experienced in evaluating for concussion says they are symptom-free and it's OK to return to play. This means, until permitted, not returning to:

- Physical Education (PE) class,
- · Sports practices or games, or
- Physical activity at recess.

For more information and tool kits for youth sports coaches and high school coaches, visit www.cdc.gov/Concussion.

## How can I recognize a concussion?

Teachers and school counselors may be the first to notice changes in their students. The signs and symptoms can take time to appear and can become evident during concentration and learning activities in the classroom.

Send a student to the school nurse, or another professional designated to address health issues, if you notice or suspect that a student has:

 Any kind of forceful blow to the head or to the body that results in rapid movement of the head.

#### -and-

Any change in the student's behavior, thinking, or physical functioning. (See the signs and symptoms of concussion.)

# What do I need to know about my students returning to school after a concussion?

Supporting a student recovering from a concussion requires a collaborative approach among school professionals, health care providers, and parents, as s/he may need accommodations during recovery. If symptoms persist, a 504 meeting may be called. Section 504 Plans are implemented when students have a disability (temporary or permanent) that affects their performance in any manner.



## What to look for after a concussion

When students return to school after a concussion, school professionals should watch for:

- Increased problems paying attention or concentrating
- Increased problems remembering or learning new information
- Longer time needed to complete tasks or assignments
- Difficulty organizing tasks
- Inappropriate or impulsive behavior during class
- Greater irritability
- Less ability to copy with stress or more emotional

Services and accommodations for students may nolude speech-language therapy, environmental adaptations, curriculum modifications, and pehavioral strategies.

students may need to limit activities while they are recovering from a concussion. Exercising or activities that involve a lot of concentration, such as studying, working on the computer, or playing video games, may cause concussion symptoms (such as headache or tiredness) to eappear or get worse.



Students who return to school after a concussion may need to:

- Take rest breaks as needed,
- Spend fewer hours at school,
- Be given more time to take tests or complete assignments,
- Receive help with schoolwork, and/or
- Reduce time spent on the computer, reading, or writing.

It is normal for students to feel frustrated, sad, and even angry because they cannot return to recreation or sports right away, or cannot keep up with their schoolwork. A student may also feel isolated from peers and social networks. Talk with the student about these issues and offer support and encouragement. As the student's symptoms decrease, the extra help or support can be removed gradually.



\*For more information on concussion and to order additional materials for school professionals FREE- OF-CHARGE, visit: <a href="www.cdc.gov/Concussion">www.cdc.gov/Concussion</a>.